



# Digital Signatures and PKI

#### Dr. Mohammed Misbahuddin

Centre for Development of Advanced Computing (C-DAC)

Bangalore

Under the Aegis of

Controller of Certifying Authorities (CCA)
Government of India





# Agenda



- ✓ What & Why: Digital Signature?
- ✓ What is Digital Signature Certificate?
- ✓ Certifying Authority & Trust Model
- ✓ Certificate Issuance, Types, Classes
- ✓ Certificate Life Cycle Management and Validation Methods
- ✓ Achieving Confidentiality
- ✓ Dimensions of PKI
- ✓ PKI Applications in India





# Purpose of Signing



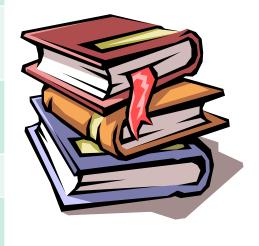
- To prove your identity **Authentication**
- To prove your agreement with the content of the document **Integrity**



### Paper Records v/s Electronic Records



	Paper Record	Electronic Record
Document Form	Physical	Digital
Very easy to make copies	No	Yes
Very fast distribution	No	Yes
Archival and Retrieval	Challenging	Easy
Copies are as good as original	No. Copies are easily distinguishable	Yes
Easily modifiable	No	Yes
Environmental Friendly	No	Yes









#### Trust-worthiness in Transactions



The following properties must be assured:

Privacy (Confidentiality): Ensuring that only Authorized persons should read the Data/Message/Document

Authenticity: Ensuring that Data/Message/Document are genuine

**Integrity**: Ensuring that Data/Message/Document are unaltered by unauthorized person during transmission

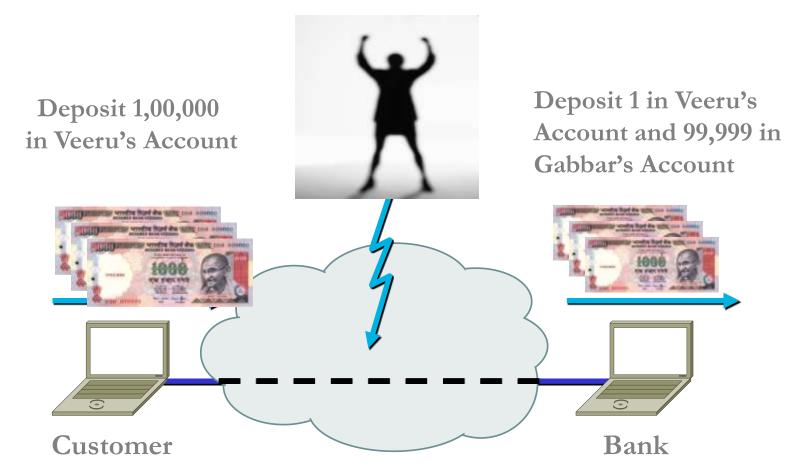
Non-Repudiation: Ensuring that one party of a transaction cannot deny having sent a message





#### Threats: Data Alteration





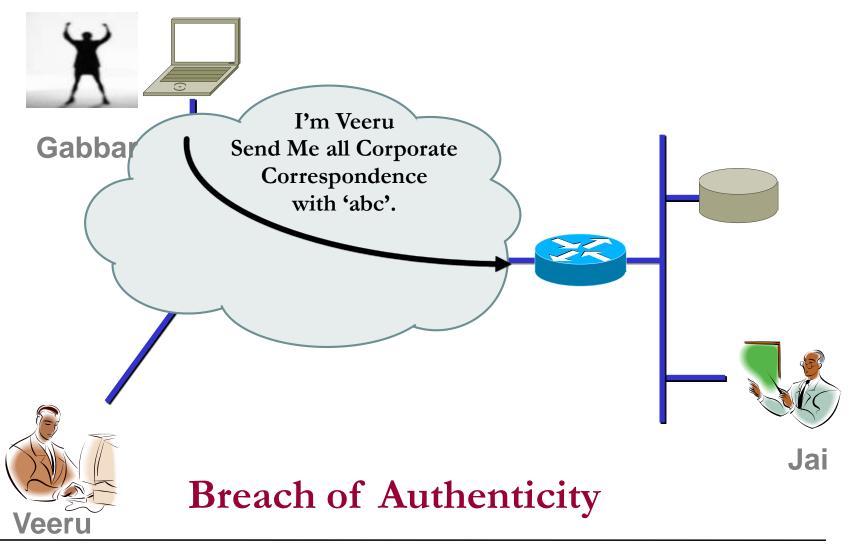
#### **Breach of Integrity**





### Threats: Spoofing









# Why Digital Signature?







# Why Digital Signatures?



- To provide **Authenticity**, **Integrity** and Non-repudiation to electronic documents
- To enable the use of Internet as the safe and secure medium for e-Commerce and e-Governance







### Mathematical Perspective





#### Major Components of Digital Signature



- Major cryptographic components for creating Digital Signature are:
  - Hash Functions
  - Asymmetric Key Cryptography



#### Hash Function



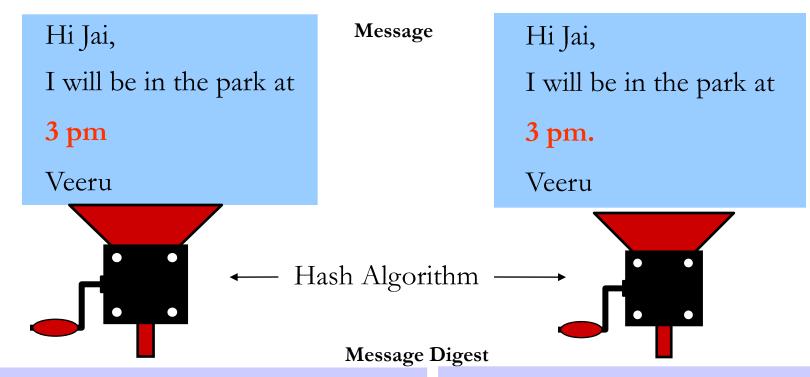
- A hash function is a cryptographic mechanism that operates as one-way function
  - Creates a digital representation or "fingerprint" (Message Digest)
  - Fixed size output
  - > Change to a message produces different digest

Examples: MD5, Secure Hashing Algorithm (SHA)



#### Hash - Example





B5EA1EC376E61DB2680D0312FC26D3773F384E43

86D19C25294FB0D3E4CF8A026823439064598009

### Digests are Different

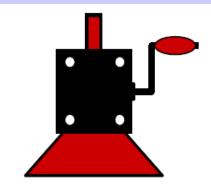




# Hash – One-way



#### B5EA1EC376E61DB2680D0312FC26D3773F384E43









#### MD5 and SHA



#### Message

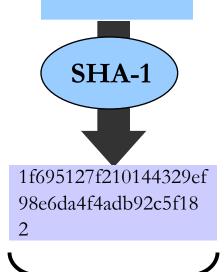
Hi Jai, I will be in the park at 3 pm Veeru



cfa2ce53017030315f de705b9382d9f4

**128 Bits** 

Hi Jai, I will be in the park at 3 pm Veeru



**160 Bits** 

Hi Jai,
I will be in the
park at 3 pm
Veeru



2g5487f56r4etert654tr c5d5e8d5ex5gttahy55e

224/256/384/512



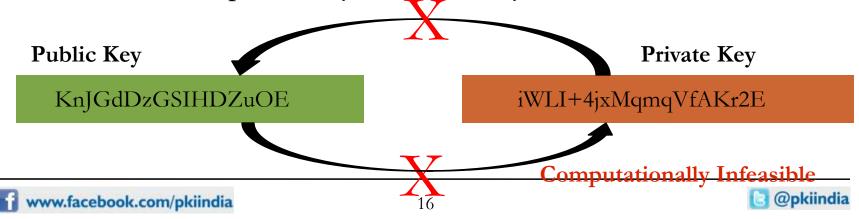




### Asymmetric Key Cryptography



- Also called as Public Key Cryptography
- Uses a related key pair wherein one is Private key and another is Public key
  - One for encryption, another for decryption
- Knowledge of the *encryption* key doesn't give you knowledge of the *decryption* key
- A tool generates a related key pair (public & private key)
  - Publish the public key in a directory





### RSA Key pair

सी डेक €DAC

(including Algorithm identifier) [2048 bit]



#### **Private Key**

3082 010a 0282 0101 00b1 d311 e079 5543 0708 4ccb 0542 00e2 0d83 463d e493 bab6 06d3 0d59 bd3e c1ce 4367 018a 21a8 efbc ccd0 a2cc b055 9653 8466 0500 da44 4980 d854 0aa5 2586 94ed 6356 ff70 6ca3 a119 d278 be68 2a44 5e2f cfcc 185e 47bc 3ab1 463d lef0 b92c 345f 8c7c 4c08 299d 4055 eb3c 7d83 deb5 f0f7 8a83 0ea1 4cb4 3aa5 b35f 5a22 97ec 199b c105 68fd e6b7 a991 942c e478 4824 1a25 193a eb95 9c39 0a8a cf42 b2f0 1cd5 5ffb 6bed 6856 7b39 2c72 38b0 ee93 a9d3 7b77 3ceb 7103 a938 4a16 6c89 2aca da33 1379 c255 8ced 9cbb f2cb 5b10 f82e 6135 c629 4c2a d02a 63d1 6559 b4f8 cdf9 f400 84b6 5742 859d 32a8 f92a 54fb ff78 41bc bd71 28f4 bb90 bcff 9634 04e3 459e a146 2840 8102 0301 0001

#### **Public Key**

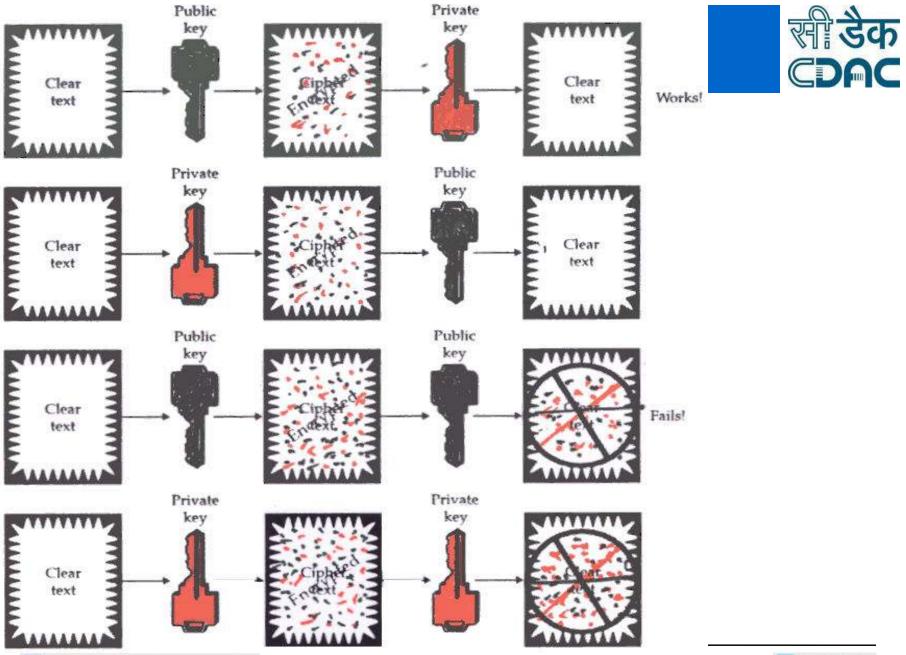
3082 01e4 f267 0142 0f61 dd12 e089 5547 0f08 4ccb 0542 00e2 0d83 463d e493 bab6 0673 0d59 bf3e c1ce 4367 012a 11a8 efbc ccd0 a2cc b055 9653 8466 0500 da44 4980 d8b4 0aa5 2586 94ed 6356 ff70 6ca3 a119 d278 be68 2a44 5e2f cfcc 185e 47bc 3ab1 463d 1df0 b92c 345f 8c7c 4c08 299d 4055 eb3c 7d83 deb5 f0f7 8a83 0ea1 4cb4 3aa5 b35f 5a22 97ec 199b c105 68fd e6b7 a991 942c e478 4824 1a25 193a eb95 9c39 0a8a cf42 b250 1cd5 5ffb 6bed 6856 7b39 2c72 38b0 ee93 a9d3 7b77 3ceb 7103 a938 4a16 6c89 2aca da33 1379 c255 8ced 9cbb f2cb 5b10 f82e 6135 c629 4c2a d02a 63d1 6559 b4f8 cdf9 f400 84b6 5742 859d 32a8 f92a 54fb ff78 41bc bd71 28f4 bb90 bcff 9634 04de 45de af46 2240 8410 02f1 0001







#### PKI Knowledge Dissemination Program





### Matrix of Knowledge of Keys



Key details	A should know	B should know
A's private key	Yes	No
A's public key	Yes	Yes
B's private key	No	Yes
B's public key	Yes	Yes





# Technology & Implementation Perspective







# Digital Signature





# Hand Signature Vs Digital Signature



- A Hand Signature on a document is
  - a unique pattern dependant on some secret known only to the signer and
  - Independent of the content of the message being signed

My Signature



#### PKI Knowledge Dissemination Program



## Loss of Integrity



#### Note to kljfklsdajlkj direcljlkfjsdaar afafdasuoiae

This is in reference to the abod efghigh; kjfasdjfklsadjfksa sdafjsaklfjasdkljfklasdj ioapkafja safiajfskadjfkldsajkl sjaklfjaskl idsuuweporiopwie fsajfklsjaklfjaklj kljifdsaiou2rjsak iiweop w2uroi32u423 329234 23948198482 23849082390 423892308 42389238094 9899089089089089089023 42-394239239-09 234 90 kifs9 423kl 9243dsf r9u23ur9 2308974023 jksajfklasjkjk 9jasfifsad 93284 3248902384 alk iijaa 9irterewr 893423423432 998342 90432i23 234

Jaja u342290 2999 xfafsi ajjiklajkla324 afasw sawerw rewrwer au23432 423312324 isdajfaskik fanci 9324k asfsdajk sajfkaljio sda88ij1412 1jkjkljfklas 411141 fsa80909 2311239 1123132 08934239 243dfafdd 2rerew4 42432423 9890890 111safsaj 423432 4323423423 akfjsdaklj fsdaruw 1as 214 assdfsadjkl.

Fsajdkslajklj faskj (rsekj fskltjakljdkljak 423u9320uiojfskajff dsu9jfsajdajfk) fjklajfkdlajklj asfsdaklik ncasjfksdaju u4223432 namie fasjfsdaju bad jkdajfkadn infsdafds xisityeu4 4234u32 u8u4i23 fjdskaljfasklij 43223423 8fdajkjk 849423 xcsajku afdasfdsd 439283904423 4423 874892384823 432423423 fsdfjsdkajklj 489023489203890 1243242342 f908908 423423 4080942839089

(fsdafdsa)

Sf. Fad fdsajjoilj

#### Note to kljfklsdajlkj direcljlkfjsdaar afafdasuoiae

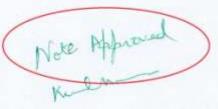
This is in reference to the abcd efghigh; kjfasdjfklsadjlksa sdafjsaklfjasdkljfklasdj ioapka safiajfskadjfkldsajkl sjaklfjaskl idsuuweporiopwie fsajfklsjaklfjaklj kljlfdsaiou2rjsak iiwe 23849082390 423892308 w2uroi32u423 329234 23948198482 9899089089089089089023 42-394239239-09 234 90 klfs9 423kl 9243dsf r9u23u 2308974023 jksajfklasjkjk 9jasfjfsad 93284 3248902384 aik lijaa 9irterewr 8934234234 998342 90432i23 234.

Jaja u342290 2999 xfafsi ajjjklajkla324 afasw sawerw rewrwer au23432 4233123 jsdajfaskjk fanci 9324k asfsdajk sajfkaljio sda88ij1412 1jkjkljfklas 411141 fsa80909 23112 1123132 08934239 243dfafdd 2rerew4 42432423 9890890 111safsaj 423432 43234234 akfisdakli fsdaruw 1as 214 assdfsadjkl.

Fsajdkslajkli faskj (rsek) fskitjakljdkljak 423u9320uiojfskajff dsu9jfsajdajfk) fjklajfkdlaj asfsdakljik ncasjfksdaju u4223432 namie fasjfsdaju bad jkdajfkadn infsdafds xisitye 4234u32 u8u4i23 fjdskaljfasklij 43223423 8fdajkjk 849423 xcsajku afdasfdsd 4392839044 4423 874892384823 432423423 fsdfjsdkajklj 489023489203890 1243242342 f9089 423423 4080942839089

(fsdafdsa)

Sf. Fsd fdsajjoilj







### Digital Signature



- A Digital signature of a message is a number (fingerprint) dependent on
  - a secret known only to the signer and
  - the content of the message being signed
- Properties of Signatures
  - Must be verifiable
  - Provides Authentication
  - Provides Data Integrity
  - Provides Non-repudiation







## What is Digital Signature?



- Hash value of a message when encrypted with the private key of a person is his digital signature on that e-Document
  - Digital Signature of a person therefore varies from document to document thus ensuring authenticity of each word of that document.
  - As the public key of the signer is known, anybody can verify the message and the digital signature





# Creating Digital Signature



- Key pairs of every individual
  - **Public key**: known to everyone
  - *Private key*: known only to the owner
- To *digitally sign* an electronic document the signer uses his/her *Private key*
- To verify a digital signature the verifier uses the signer's Public key





# Achieving

# Authenticity, Integrity and Non-Repudiation

using Digital Signatures



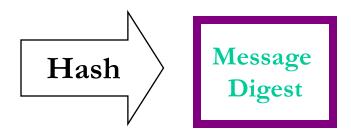




# Digital Signing – Step 1



This is an example of how to create a message digest and how to digitally sign a document using Public Key cryptography





# Digital Signing – Step 2



Message Digest Encrypt with private key

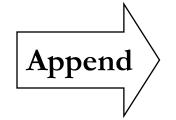
Digital Signature



# Digital Signing – Step 3







This is an example of how to create a message digest and how to digitally sign a document using Public Key cryptography

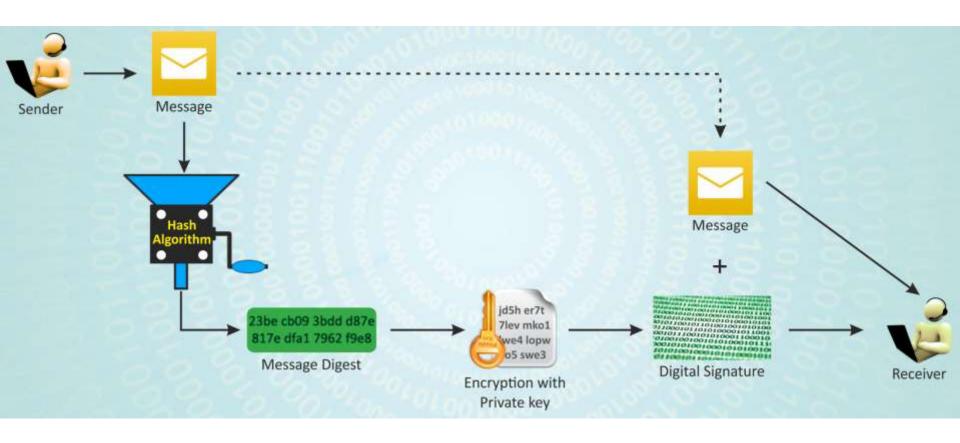
Digital Signature





# Digital Signing Process







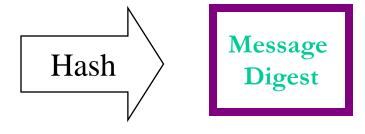


### Digital Signature Verification



This is an example of how to create a message digest and how to digitally sign a document using Public Key cryptography

Digital Signature





Message Digest



#### PKI Knowledge Dissemination Program



### Loss of Integrity



#### Note to kljfklsdajlkj direcljlkfjsdaar afafdasuoiae

This is in reference to the abod efghigh; kjfasdjfklsadjlksa sdafjsaklfjasdkljfklasdj ioapkafja safiajfskadjfkldsajkl sjaklfjaskl idsuuweporiopwie fsajfklsjaklfjaklj kljlfdsaiou2rjsak iiweop w2uroi32u423 329234 23948198482 23849082390 423892308 42389238094 9899089089089089089023 42-394239239-09 234 90 kifs9 423kl 9243dsf r9u23ur9 2308974023 jksajfklasjkjk 9jasfjfsad 93284 3248902384 alk iijaa 9irterewr 893423423432 998342 90432i23 234.

Jaja u342290 2999 xfafsi ajjjklajkla324 afasw sawerw rewrwer au23432 423312324 jsdajfaskjk fanci 9324k asfsdajk sajfkaljio sda88ij1412 1jkjkljfklas 411141 fsa80909 2311239 1123132 08934239 243dfafdd 2rerew4 42432423 9890890 111safsaj 423432 4323423423 akfjsdaklj fsdaruw 1as 214 assdfsadjkl.

Fsajdkslajkij faskj (rsekj fskltjakljdkljak 423u9320uiojfskajff dsu9jfsajdajfk) fjklajfkdlajklj asfsdakljk ncasjfksdaju u4223432 namie fasjfsdaiu bad jkdajfkadn infsdafds xisityeu4 4234u32 u8u4i23 fjdskaljfasklij 43223423 8fdajkjk 849423 xcsajku afdasfdsd 439283904423 4423 874892384823 432423423 fsdfjsdkajklj 489023489203890 1243242342 f908908 423423 4080942839089.

(fsdafdsa)

# St. Fad fdsajjoilj

#### Note to kljfklsdajlkj direcljlkfjsdaar afafdasuoiae

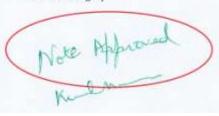
This is in reference to the abcd efghigh; kjfasdjfklsadjlksa sdafjsaklfjasdkljfklasdj ioa; safiajfskadjfkldsajkl sjaklfjaskl idsuuweporiopwie fsajfklsjaklfjaklj kljifdsaiou2rjsak i w2uroi32u423 329234 23948198482 23849082390 423892308 42389239899089089089089089023 42-394239239-09 234 90 klfs9 423kl 9243dsf r9u 2308974023 jksajfklasjkjk 9jasfjfsad 93284 3248902384 aik iijaa 9irterewr 89342342998342 90432i23 234.

Jaja u342290 2999 xfafsi ajjjklajkla324 afasw sawerw rewrwer au23432 4233 jsdajfaskjk fanci 9324k asfsdajk sajfkaljio sda88ij1412 1jkjkljfklas 411141 fsa80909 23 1123132 08934239 243dfafdd 2rerew4 42432423 9890890 111safsaj 423432 43234 akfjsdaklj fsdaruw 1as 214 assdfsadjkl.

Fsajdkslajkij faskj (rsekj fskitjakljdkljak 423u9320uiojfskajff dsu9jfsajdajfk) fjklajfk asfsdakljk ncasjfksdaju u4223432 namie fasjfsdaju bad jkdajfkadn infsdafds xis 4234u32 u8u4i23 fjdskaljfasklij 43223423 8fdajkjk 849423 xcsajku afdasfdsd 43928394423 874892384823 432423423 fsdfjsdkajklj 489023489203890 1243242342 f9423423 4080942839089.

(fsdafdsa)

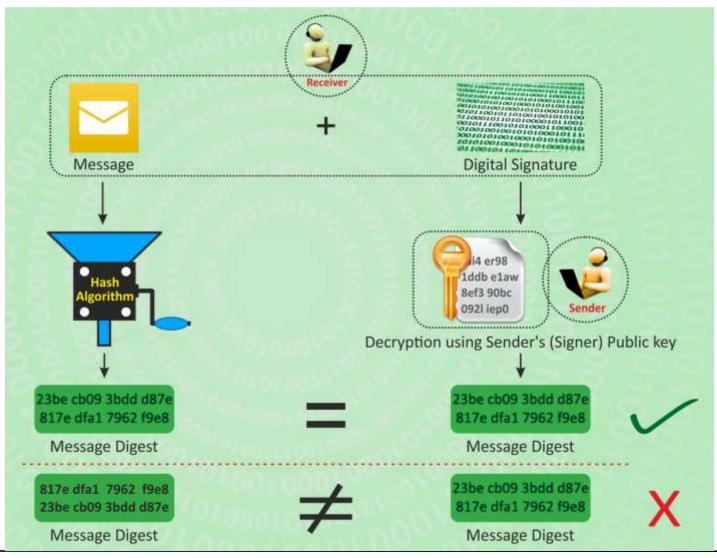
Sf. Fsd fdsajjoilj





### Digital Signature Verification









### General Conventions



- Signing Private Key of the Signer
- Verification Public Key of the Signer



# Digital Signatures - Examples



I agree

efcc61c1c03db8d8ea8569545c073c814a0ed755

My place of birth is Gwalior.

fe1188eecd44ee23e13c4b6655edc8cd5cdb6f25

I am 62 years old.

0e6d7d56c4520756f59235b6ae981cdb5f9820a0

I am an Engineer.

ea0ae29b3b2c20fc018aaca45c3746a057b893e7

I am a Engineer.

01f1d8abd9c2e6130870842055d97d315dff1ea3

- These are digital signatures of same person on different documents
- Digital Signatures are numbers
- They are content and signer dependent







### Other Implementations



- DGFT Clearance of goods are now initiated by exporters through push of a button and in their offices;
  - Previously it used to take days; and requests are now cleared within 6 hours
- Indian Patent office has implemented e-filing of patents and allows only use of Class-3 Certificates
  - Around 30% of e-filing of patents is happening now, among the total filings.



#### References



- Cryptography and Network security Principles and Practice by William Stallings
- Applied Cryptography: Protocols, Algorithms, and Source Code in C by Bruce Schneier
- Handbook of Applied Cryptography, by Alfred Menezes and Paul Van Oorschot
- Ryder, Rodney D, Guide to Cyber Laws, 3rd Edition, Wadhwa & Company, New Delhi
- Digital Certificates: What are they?: http://campustechnology.com/articles/39190\_2
- Digital Signature & Encryption: http://www.productivity501.com/digital-signatures-encryption/4710/
- FAQ on Digital Signatures and PKI in India http://www.cca.gov.in/cca/?q=faq-page
- Controller of Certifying Authorities <u>www.cca.gov.in</u>
- e-Sign: http://www.cca.gov.in/cca/?q=eSign.html
- More Web Resources
  - Social Media: www.facebook.com/pkiindia









# Thank You

pki@cdac.in



